CHAPTER 3: PILOTS, NON-PILOTS AND AIRCRAFT OWNERS

One method of determining general aviation demand is by reviewing the number and location of pilots throughout the region as well as the number of aircraft owners and regional based aircraft.

The Federal Aviation Administration provides a database of pilots throughout the nation. Pilots are categorized as to their proficiency, such as student pilot, instrument rating, Certified Flight Instructor and Air Transport Pilot. This database indicates 26,726 pilots (as of July 2002) within the region as indicated in *Table 3-1*. Of these nearly 27,000 pilots, there are 3,787 certified Flight Instructors.

Table 3-1: Regional Pilots (2002)

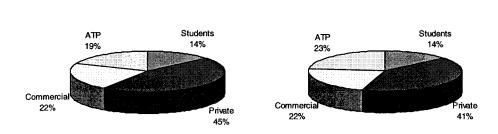
County	Student	Recreational	Private	Commercial	Air Transport	Total	Certified Flight Instructors
Imperial	9	0	92	66	12	179	22
Los Angeles	1,651	1	5,649	2,698	1,892	11,891	1,756
Orange	752	0	2,538	1,264	1,429	5,983	875
Riverside	518	0	1,444	687	608	3,257	413
San Bernardino	486	0	1,397	652	407	2,942	374
Ventura	252	0	1,102	480	640	2,474	347
TOTAL PILOTS	3,668	1	12,222	5,847	4,988	26,726	3,787

Flight Instructors are subset of commercial and Air Transport Pilots.

Regional Pilots (percentage)

Source: FAA

Figure 3-1 Regional and National Pilots



National Pilots (percentage)

Figure 3-1 above indicates the percentage of each pilot type within the region and nationally. The SCAG region closely resembles the national percentage with the exception of slightly more Private pilots and slightly less Air Transport Pilots. This difference could be due to several factors, including abundant good weather for recreational flying, a large educated population with greater disposable income and the numerous general aviation airports located throughout the region.

Pilots are further depicted graphically sorted by zip code on the following page:

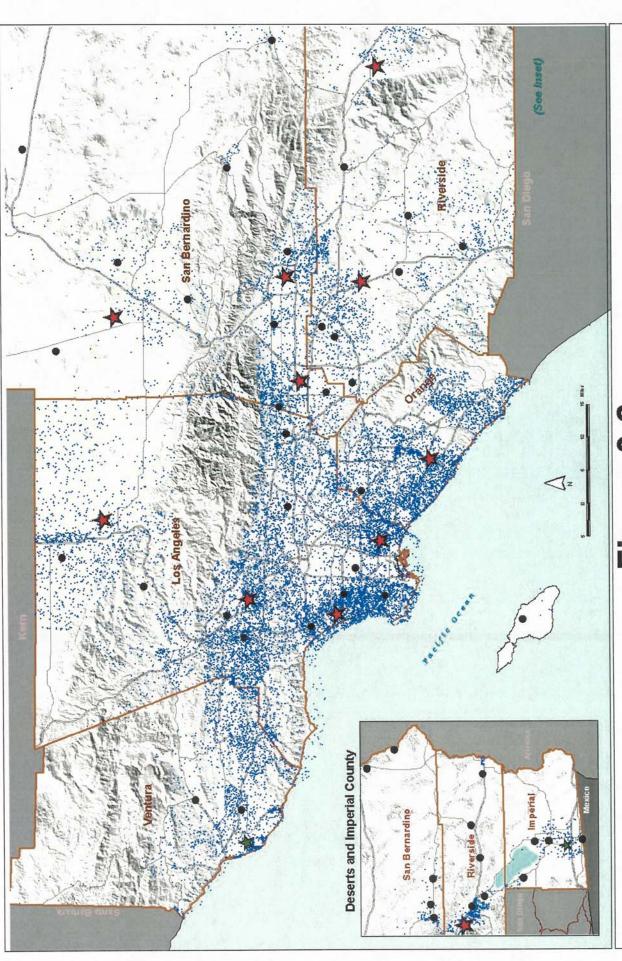


Figure 3-2
Regional Pilots
Sorted By Zip Code

General Aviation Airport

Commercial Airport Commuter Airport

2003 General Aviation System Plan

SOUTHERN THINGRAIN
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Certificated Non Pilots

The FAA also maintains a database of persons certified to perform aviation maintenance or operations. For the SCAG metropolitan region, there are over 19,000 non-pilots certified by the FAA within their specialty of expertise. The non-pilots offer an interesting perspective on direct economic impacts of regional aviation (both commercial and general aviation).

These non-pilots include ground instructors, mechanics for both the airframe and the powerplant (both turbine and propeller). Once a repairman reaches a certain proficiency, they can be certified by the FAA as an expert in airframe repair, powerplant repair or both. Authorized quality assurance inspectors examine maintenance and certify the repairs as complete. Parachute riggers are responsible for the safe maintenance and packing of parachutes.

This does not include other non-certificated personnel such as flight attendants, terminal and ramp agents, baggage handlers, aircraft fuelers, etc. normally associated with general and commercial aviation.

Table 3-2 Certificated Non-Pilots

County	Imperial	Los Angeles	Orange	Riverside	San Bernardino	Ventura	TOTAL
Ground Instructor	12	1,622	834	375	348	270	3,461
Repairman	12	1,997	574	283	222	183	3,271
Airframe Mechanic	4	398	147	55	94	37	735
Powerplant Mechanic	0	329	52	68	228	26	703
Airframe / Powerplant Mechanic	57	8,150	2179	1,030	1468	694	13,578
Authorized Inspector	15	349	98	93	108	77	740
Parachute Rigger	4	133	52	103	34	39	365
Dispatcher	0	304	73	25	18	25	445
Navigator	0	3	2	2	2	2	11

Source: FAA, July 2002

Registered Aircraft Owners

The FAA maintains a database of aircraft by owner. This database does not indicate the location of the aircraft (which may be based outside the region) but the location of the owner. The FAA further breaks aircraft ownership into nine categories:

Type 1: Owned by an individual

Type 2: Owned through a partnership between two individuals

Type 3: Owned by a corporation or business entity

Type 4: owned through any combination of entities except for Type 2. Includes fractional ownership

Type 5: Owned by a government agency

Type 6 & 7: Not used

Type 8 & 9: Non-citizen corporation and non-citizen co-owned

Table 3-3: Registered Aircraft Owners by Type and County

	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Type 8 & 9	Subtotal
	Individual	Partnership	Corporation	Co-owner	Government	Other	
Imperial	112	10	64	34	1	0	221
Ventura	616	34	200	230	11	1	1,092
Riverside	976	66	257	302	24	6	1,631
San Bernardino	937	53	228	317	24	17	1,576
Los Angeles	3,640	198	2,083	1,081	143	63	7,208
Orange	1,445	84	573	491	23	0	2,616
SCAG Total	7,726	445	3,405	2,455	226	87	14,344

Source: FAA

As indicated by Figure 3-3, Individual aircraft owners predominate. However, Corporate ownership accounts for almost 25% of all aircraft owners in the region. This could actually be larger as the database was developed before fractional ownership became popular. According to the FAA, coowners (type 4) includes (corporate) fractional ownership.

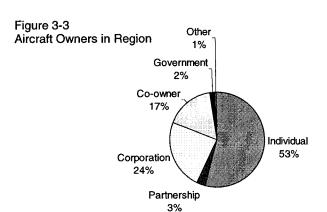


Table 3-4: Regional Based Aircraft by County

	Single Engine	Multi Engine	Single Turbine	Multi- Turbine	Helicopter	Ultra light	Subtotal
Imperial	149	20	0	2	8	0	179
Los Angeles	3,535	650	8	319	143	1	4,656
Orange	787	37	0	42	15	0	881
Riverside	1,284	141	4	29	34	140	1,634
San Bernardino	1,928	330	15	303	82	32	2,690
Ventura	764	75	4	6	21	25	980
SCAG Total	8,447	1,253	31	701	303	198	10,933

Source: Airport Managers

Regional based aircraft remains less than based owners for several reasons. Corporate owners include aircraft leasing firms such as banks or specialized corporations that may not necessarily base aircraft in the region. Another reason may be that an airport outside the region may be closer to the owner or is less expensive than regional airports to base the aircraft.